(c) and (d) The Boards have not specifically reviewed the implementation of the recommendations of the Sixth Safety Conference. However, such a review has recently been made by the Standing Committee on Safety in Coal Mines, specially of the Group 'A' recommendations of *the* Conference, dealing with accidents due to fall of roof or sides. An important decision taken is to reintroduce operation of coal cutting machines with a view to eliminating accident-prone solid blasting to the extent possible.

Suits on behalf of Bhopal Gas Victims

1566. SHRI JERLIE E. TARIANG: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have filed suits against the Union Carbide in America on behalf of the gas victims of Bhopal; if so, what are the details thereof; and

(b) the amount spent by Government in filing the suits on account of court-fees, for engaging of counsels, including the officers for briefing the counsels?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CHEM CALS AND PETRO-CHEMICALS IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH) (a) After the Bhopal Gas Leak Disaster, a complaint was filed by the Government of India on be half of the victims in the U.S. Federal District Court. New York against Union Carbide Corporation (UCC) claiming compensation. On a motion moved by UCC. this complaint was dismissed on grounds of forum non-conveniens subject to Union Carbide consenting to three conditions namely (i) to submit to tho jurisdiction of the courts of India: (ii) to satisfy any judgement rendered against it by an Indian court, and if applicable, upheld by an appellate court, where such judgement and affirmance comport with the minimul reauirements of due process; and (in) to be subject to discovery under the model of the United States Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

UCC after consenting to all the three conditions, subject to its right to appeal, moved the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit against the condition relating to discovery. The Appellate Court deleted the condition relating to satisfaction of judgement rendered against it by an Indian Court and modified the condition relating to discovery. The Govern ment of India thereafter moved the U.S. Supreme Court by filing a writ of certiorari on 22nd May, 1987 seeking to reinstate all the conditions as imposed by the U.S. District Court. The United States Supreme Court did not admit this petition.

In the meanwhile, proceedings are continuing in the Court of District Judge, Bhopal.

(b) A sum of about Rs. 6.8 crore has so far been spent on litigation, including briefing the counsels by the officers, and on litigation in USA and India.

Management-Labour relations in ECL

1581. SHRI SUNIL BASU RAY: Will the Mmister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the management labour relations in ECL are under stress and strain; and

(b) if so, what are the causes thereof?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI VASANT SATHE): (a) and (b) No special stress or strain in the management-labour relations has been noticed in the ECL. Iin fact, industrial relations have shown improvement as will be evident from the Table below.

		January to October 1986	1987
I.	No. of Strikes	18	12
2.	Mandays lost	1,72.142	70,112
·	Production lost	97.308	41,727
4.	Other I.B. incidents	52	46